rehabilitate surrendered militants in the North-East Region particularly Assam; if so, how, if not, the reasons therefor; and

(b) whether any scheme in this regard was submitted by the Governments of Assam, Meghalaya, Tripura, Manipur and Nagaland; if so, the details thereof; what is its present status?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI I. D. SWAMI): (a) and (b) Government has introduced a scheme for Surrender-cum-Rehabilitation of militants in the North-Eastern States of Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Manipur, Meghalaya, Nagaland and Tripura. The Scheme for Surrender-cum-Rehabilitation of militants in the North East is applicable to those militants who have surrendered/surrender after 01.04.1998. The Government of India reimburses the expenditure incurred as per the guidelines on the rehabilitation of surrenderees. The Scheme envisages only assistance for self employment training and the surrendered militants are to apply for self employment schemes and other employment opportunities as per normal rules applicable. Under this scheme, there is no provision to rehabilitate the surrendered militants in the para military forces.

Certain suggestions have been received from the State Governments of Assam, Meghalaya, Tripura, Manipur and Nagaland. Modifications, if necessary, will be carried out in the guide-lines of the scheme.

Grants Provided to Government of Rajasthan

†*365. DR. MAHESH CHANDRA SHARMA: Will the Minister of NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) the amount of grant provided to Government of Rajasthan during financial years 1999-2000 and 2000-2001 by Ministry of Non-Conventional Energy Sources alongwith the details of the heads,

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†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

programmes and specific fields for which the said grant has been provided; and

(b) whether the Government of Rajasthan has given the expenditure account of this amount on time to Government?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES (SHRI M. KANNAPPAN): (a) and (b) The Ministry has released Rs. 7.71 crores and Rs. 6.81 crores during the years 1999-2000 and 2000-2001 respectively under major non-conventional energy programmes to the State of Rajasthan. The programme-wise details of funds sanctioned/ released are given in the enclosed Statement (*See* below). The Government of Rajasthan has already submitted the expenditure accounts for the funds released by this Ministry up to the year 1999-2000.

Statement

Programme-wise funds sanctioned/released to the Stae of Rajasthan during the years 1999-2000 and 2000-2001 by the Ministry

(Rs. in crores)

S. No.	Programme	Funds released	
		1999-2000	2000-2001 (as on 15.03.2001)
1.	Biogas Plants	0.20	0.11
2.	Community/Institutional/Nightsoil based Biogas plants	0.07	0.10
3.	Improved chulha	0.24	0.00
4.	Integrated Rural Energy Programmes	0.19	0.11
5.	Special Area Demonstration Programme	0.00	0.05
6.	Solar Photovoltaic Demonstration Programme	3.15	1.42
7.	Solar Thermal Energy	0.01	0.00

(Rs. in crores)

S. No.	Programme	Funds released 1999-2000	Funds released 2000-2001 (as on 15.03.2001)
8.	Wind power	3.76	4.89
9.	Biomass Power	0.00	0.08
10.	Solar Photovoltaic Power	0.10	0.05
	TOTAL:	7.71	6.81

Power Reforms

*366. SHRI P.K. MAHESHWARI: Will the Minister of POWER be pleased to state:

(a) the average transmission and distribution losses in terms of MW and in rupees suffered by each State Electricity Board in the country;

(b) whether Government have issued fresh guidelines to the State Governments for implementation of reforms in their respective States;

(c) if so, the details thereof;

(d) the details of those State Governments who have implemented these reforms;

(e) whether some SEBs have increased power tariffs and passed it on to the consumers to cover up the losses of T and D; and

(f) if so, the details thereof, State-wise?

THE MINISTER OF POWER (SHRI SURESH PRABHU): (a) the position of transmission and distribution losses in different States is indicated as statement-I. (*See* below)

(b) and (c) A Conference of Chief Ministers/Power Ministers was held on 3.3.2001, which took note of the challenges confronting the power sector. It was agreed that there is an urgent need to speed up power sector reforms and their implementation. The resolution adopted in the Conference is given in Statement-II. (*See* below)

(d) The status of reforms in different States is shown in Statement-III. (*See* below)

(e) and (f) According to section 59 of the Electricity (Supply) Act 1948, the SEBs are required to adjust tariff so as to earn a surplus of